AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 23, 2000

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 6, 2000

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AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 12, 2000

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 30, 2000

SENATE BILL

No. 1742

Introduced by Senator Hughes

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Rod Pacheco)
(Coauthors: Senators Alarcon, Murray, Ortiz, Rainey, Solis, and Vasconcellos)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Alquist, Havice, Honda, Kuehl, Longville, Romero, Strom-Martin, Washington, and Zettel)

February 23, 2000

An act to add Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 2950) to Part 5 of Division 4 of the Probate Code, and to amend Section 15610.30 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to adult abuse.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1742, as amended, Hughes. Adult abuse.

provides Existing law for misdemeanor and felony sanctions, including imprisonment and fines, offenses for involving the abuse of an elder or dependent adult, depending upon the circumstances.

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Existing law provides for various procedures for the protection of elders and dependent adults by the public guardian and by programs implemented by the State Department of Social Services.

Existing law authorizes a public guardian who is authorized to take possession or control of property to issue a written certification to that effect, and would require a financial institution or other person to provide the public guardian with information concerning property of a proposed ward or conservatee and surrender property of that person to the public guardian that is subject to loss, injury, waste, or misappropriation.

This bill would authorize certain peace officers to issue a declaration that an elder person, as defined, is substantially unable to manage his or her financial resources or to resist fraud or undue influence, there exists a significant danger that the elder person will lose all or a portion of his or her property as a result of fraud or misrepresentation or the mental incapacity of the elder person, there is probable cause to believe a crime is being committed against that person, the crime is connected to his or her inability to manage his or her financial resources or to resist fraud or undue influence, and he or she suffers from that inability as a result of deficits in one or more mental functions. Upon receipt of the declaration, the guardian would be authorized to rely public information contained in the declaration to take immediate possession and control of the property of the elder person. The bill would authorize the public guardian to issue a certification of that fact, which certification would require financial institutions and other persons to submit information about, and possession of, property of the victim. This bill would also establish a process whereby a person identified as a victim in a declaration may bring an ex parte petition in the superior court for an order quashing the certification.

The bill would also require the public guardian to seek individuals to manage the estate of the elder person, under certain circumstances and in accordance with specified criteria.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 2950) is added to Part 5 of Division 4 of the Probate Code. 3 to read: 4 5 CHAPTER 4. FINANCIAL ABUSE OF MENTALLY IMPAIRED 6 **ELDERS** 7 8 Article 1. General

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2950. (a) (1)—It is the intent of the Legislature to do all of the following:

(A)

(1) Reduce the incidence of financial abuse 14 perpetrated against mentally impaired elder adults.

(B)

(2) Minimize monetary losses to mentally impaired 17 elder adults as a result of financial abuse.

(C)

(3) Facilitate timely intervention by law enforcement, 20 in collaboration with the public guardian, to effectively protect mentally impaired elder adult victims of financial abuse, and to recover their assets.

(2)

(b) Any peace officer or public guardian of a county that has both of the following, as determined by the public guardian of that county, may take the actions authorized by this chapter:

(A)

29 (1) The existence of sufficient law enforcement 30 personnel expertise with in the assessment competence. 31

32 (B)

> (2) The existence of a law enforcement unit devoted investigating financial elder abuse and enforcement of laws applicable to elder abuse.

36 (3)

(c) This chapter shall be coordinated with existing 37 38 mandated programs affecting financial abuse of mentally SB 1742

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elders that are administered by the adult impaired protective services agency of the county.

- 3 (b) "Financial abuse specialist team" means a multidisciplinary personnel team, as defined in Section 15753.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, to which all of the following apply:
- (1) At least one member is trained in the prevention of financial abuse of elder persons, at least one member is trained in the identification of financial abuse of elder 10 persons, at least one member is trained in the treatment of financial abuse of elder persons, and at least one member is trained in all of the foregoing services, and the financial abuse specialist team contains members who, in 14 the aggregate, are qualified to provide a broad range of services related to the financial abuse of elder persons.
 - (2) The team includes at least one person from each of the following eategories:
 - (A) Psychiatrists, psychologists, marriage, family, and child therapists, clinical social workers, or other licensed mental health professionals.
 - (B) Public guardian.
 - (C) Police officers or other law enforcement agents.
 - (D) District attorney's office.
 - (E) Medical personnel with sufficient training to provide information regarding health services.
 - (F) Social workers with experience or training in prevention of abuse of elder persons.
 - (G) A member of the county adult protective services program.
 - (H) A member of the county long-term care ombudsman program.
 - (I) A representative of a financial institution, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 2951.
 - (J) An attorney proficient in the practice of elder law.
- 35 2951. The definitions contained in this section shall govern the construction of this chapter, unless the 36 context requires otherwise. 37
- (a) "Declaration" means document 38 that substantially complies with the requirements of Section 2954, and is signed by both a peace officer and another

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member of the financial abuse specialist team a supervisor from the county's adult protective services agency and provided to the public guardian accordance with subdivision (b) of Section 2952.

(b) "Elder person" means any person residing in this state, 65 years of age or older.

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- (c) "Financial abuse" means a situation described in Section 15610.30 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (d) "Financial abuse POST training" means an elder 10 financial abuse training course certified Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.
 - (e) "Financial institution" means any bank, savings and loan, thrift, industrial loan company, credit union, or any branch of any of these institutions doing business in the state, as defined by provisions of the Financial Code.
 - (f) "Peace officer" means a sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police officer, or a peace officer authorized under subdivision (b) of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code, duly sworn under the requirements of state law, who satisfies any of the following requirements:
- sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police 22 officer, or peace officer authorized under subdivision (b) 23 of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code, is a member of a 24 financial abuse specialist team and the sheriff, deputy officer 25 sheriff, municipal police officer, or peace 26 authorized under subdivision (b) of Section 830.1 of the 27 Penal Code, has completed or participated as a lecturer 28 in a financial abuse POST training program within the last 29 36 months. The completion of the course may be satisfied 30 by telecourse, video training tape, or other instruction. 31 The training shall, at a minimum, address relevant elder 32 abuse laws, recognition of financial abuse and fraud, assessment of mental competence in accordance with the 34 standards set forth in Part 17 (commencing with Section 35 810) of the Probate Code, reporting requirements and procedures for the investigation of financial abuse and related crimes, including neglect, and civil and criminal procedures for the protection of victims. The course may be presented as part of a training program that includes other subjects or courses.

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deputy sheriff, (2) The sheriff, municipal police officer, or peace officer authorized under subdivision (b) of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code, has consulted with a sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police officer, or peace officer authorized under subdivision (b) of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code, who satisfies the requirements of paragraph (1) concerning the declaration defined in subdivision (a) and obtained the signature of that sheriff, deputy sheriff, municipal police officer, or peace officer 10 authorized under subdivision (b) of Section 830.1 of the Penal Code on a declaration that substantially complies 12 with the form described in Section 2954.

(g) "Property" means all personal property and real property of every kind belonging to, or alleged to belong to, the elder.

Article 2. Estate Protection

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- 2952. (a) A peace officer may issue a declaration, as provided in Section 2954, concerning an elder person if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (1) There is probable cause to believe that the elder person is substantially unable to manage his or her financial resources or to resist fraud or undue influence.
- (2) There exists a significant danger that the elder person will lose all or a portion of his or her property as a result of fraud or misrepresentations or the mental incapacity of the elder person.
- (3) There is probable cause to believe that a crime is 30 being committed against the elder person.
- (4) The crime is connected to the inability of the elder 32 person to manage his or her financial resources or to resist fraud or undue influence, and that inability is the result of deficits in the elder person's mental functions.
- (5) The peace officer has consulted with an individual 36 qualified to perform a mental status examination.
 - (b) If the requirements of subdivision (a) are satisfied, the peace officer may provide a signed declaration to the public guardian of the county. The declaration provided by the peace officer under this subdivision shall be signed

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by both the peace officer and a supervisor from the services county's adult protective agency. declaration shall be transmitted to the public guardian 4 within 24 hours of its being signed, and may be transmitted by facsimile.

(c) (1) Upon receiving a signed declaration from a peace officer, the public guardian is authorized to rely on the information contained in the declaration to take immediate possession or control of the property of the elder person referred to in the declaration, and may issue a written recordable certification of that fact as provided for in Section 2901.

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- (2) The mere issuance of the declaration provided by 14 this section shall not require the public guardian to take possession or control of property and shall not require the 16 public guardian to make a determination that requirements for the appointment of a conservator are
 - (3) A public guardian acting in good faith is not liable when taking possession or control of property pursuant to
- (d) (1) If the public guardian takes possession of an 23 elder person's property pursuant to this section, the public guardian shall attempt to find agents pursuant to 25 the use of durable powers of attorney or successor 26 trustees nominated in trust instruments, or other persons having legal authority under existing legal instruments, to manage the elder person's estate.
- (2) If the public guardian is unable to find any 30 appropriate person to manage the elder person's estate pursuant to paragraph (1), the public guardian shall attempt to find family members willing to manage the elder person's estate. If no documents exist appointing 34 fiduciaries, the public guardian shall follow the priorities set forth in Article 2 (commencing with Section 1810) of 36 Chapter 1 of Part 3.
- (3) The public guardian shall take the steps described 37 38 in paragraphs (1) and (2) within 15 days of taking possession of an elder person's property pursuant to this 40 section.

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2953. (a) (1) A public guardian who has possession or control of the property of an elder person pursuant to this chapter is entitled to petition a court of competent jurisdiction for the reasonable costs incurred by the public guardian for the protection of the person or the property, together with reasonable fees for services, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees. These fees shall be payable from the estate of the elder person if the person is not deemed competent by the 10 court and if any of the following apply:

- (A) The public guardian or someone else is appointed 12 as the temporary or general conservator of the estate.
- (B) An attorney-in-fact, under a durable power of 14 attorney, or a trustee, takes steps, or is notified of the need to take steps, to protect the estate of the elder person.
 - (C) An action is brought against the alleged financial abuser by the elder person, his or her conservator, a trustee, a fiduciary, or a successor in interest of the elder person, arising from a harm that the public guardian taking charge was intended to prevent or minimize.
- costs incurred (2) Anv by the public pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be compensable as provided in Section 2902. Fees collected by the public guardian pursuant to this chapter shall be used for the 25 activities described in this chapter.
- (b) When a public guardian has taken possession or 27 control of the property of an elder person pursuant to this chapter, the public guardian shall exercise reasonable care to ensure that the reasonable living expenses and 30 legitimate debts of the elder person are addressed as well as is practical under the circumstances.
 - (c) Any person identified as a victim in a declaration described in Section 2954 may bring an ex parte petition the superior court for an order quashing the certification issued by the public guardian as provided in subdivision (c) of Section 2952.
 - (1) Upon request by the petitioner, the court may defer filing fees related to the petition, and order the public guardian to authorize the release of funds from a financial institution to reimburse the petitioner the filing

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fees from assets belonging to the petitioner, but shall waive filing fees if the petitioner meets the standards of 3 eligibility established by subparagraph (A) or (B) of 4 paragraph (6) of subdivision (a) of Section 68511.3 of the 5 Government Code for the waiver of a filing fee.

- (2) The court shall quash the certification if the court determines that there is insufficient evidence to justify the imposition on the alleged victim's civil liberties caused by the certification.
- (3) If the court determines that there is sufficient 11 evidence to justify the imposition on the alleged victim's 12 civil liberties caused by the certification, the court may, 13 in its discretion, do one or more of the following:
- (A) Order disbursements from the alleged victim's 15 assets, as are reasonably needed to address the alleged 16 victim's needs.
- (B) Appoint a temporary conservator of the alleged 18 victim's estate, where the facts before the court would be for appointment 19 sufficient the of a temporary 20 conservator under Section 2250.
 - (C) Deny the petition.
- (D) Award reasonable attorney's fees to respondent's 23 attorney from the victim's estate.
- (d) The public guardian shall serve or cause to be 25 served a copy of the certification issued pursuant to 26 Section 2952 on the victim by mail within 24 hours of the 27 execution of the certification, or as soon thereafter as is 28 practical, in the manner provided in Chapter 4 29 (commencing with Section 413.10) of Title 5 of Part 2 of 30 the Code of Civil Procedure.
- 2954. A declaration issued by a peace officer under 32 this chapter shall not be valid unless it substantially complies with the following form:

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DECLARATION

36 PRINT OR TYPE

1	1.	My name is:
2		My badge number is:
3		My office address and telephone number are:
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7	2.	I am a duly sworn peace officer presently employed by
8		, in the County of
9		, in the State of California.
10	3.	On (date) I personally interviewed (victim) at
11		a.m./p.m. at (address). The victim resides
12		at (address, telephone number, and name of facility,
13		if applicable).
14	4.	There is probable cause to believe that:
15		(a) (Victim)
16		is substantially unable to manage his or her financial resources
17		or to resist fraud or undue influence, and
18		(b) There exists a significant danger the victim will lose all or
19		a portion of his or her property as a result of fraud or
20		misrepresentations or the mental incapacity of the victim, and
21		(c) There is probable cause to believe that a crime is being
22		committed against the victim, and
23		(d) The crime is connected to the victim's inability to manage
24		his or her financial resources or to resist fraud or undue
25		influence, and
26		(e) The victim suffers from that inability as a result of deficits
27		in one or more of the following mental functions:
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29		INSTRUCTIONS TO PEACE OFFICER: CHECK ALL
30		BLOCKS THAT APPLY:
31		[A] ALERTNESS AND ATTENTION
32		☐ 1. Levels of arousal. (Lethargic, responds only to vigorous
33		and persistent stimulation, stupor.)
34		☐ 2. Orientation. Person Time (day, date,
35		month, season, year), Place (address, town,
36		state), Situation (why am I here?).
37		☐ 3. Ability to attend and concentrate. (Give detailed
38		answers from memory, mental ability required to
39		thread a needle.)

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[B]	INFORMATION PROCESSING
	Ability to:
□ 1.	Remember, i.e., short- and long-term memory,
	immediate recall. (Deficits reflected by: forgets
	question before answering, cannot recall names,
	relatives, past presidents, events of past 24 hours.)
□ 2.	Understand and communicate either verbally or
	otherwise. (Deficits reflected by: inability to
	comprehend questions, follow instructions, use words
	correctly or name objects; nonsense words.)
□ 3.	Recognize familiar objects and persons. (Deficits
	reflected by: inability to recognize familiar faces,
	objects, etc.)
□ 4.	Understand and appreciate quantities. (Perform simple
	calculations.)
□ 5.	Reason using abstract concepts. (Grasp abstract aspects
	of his or her situation; interpret idiomatic expressions or
	proverbs.)
□ 6.	Plan, organize, and carry out actions (assuming physical
	ability) in one's own rational self-interest. (Break
	complex tasks down into simple steps and carry them
	out.)
□ 7.	Reason logically.
[C]	THOUGHT DISORDERS
□ 1.	Severely disorganized thinking. (Rambling,
	nonsensical, incoherent, or nonlinear thinking.)
\square 2.	Hallucinations. (Auditory, visual, olfactory.)
□ 3.	Delusions. (Demonstrably false belief maintained
	without or against reason or evidence.)
□ 4.	Uncontrollable or intrusive thoughts. (Unwanted
	compulsive thoughts, compulsive behavior.)
	 □ 1. □ 2. □ 3. □ 4. □ 5. □ 6. □ 7. [C] □ 1. □ 2. □ 3.

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1	2.	I have consulted concerning this case with a supervisor
2		in the county's adult protective services agency who has
3		signed below, indicating that he or she concurs that,
4		based on the information I provided to him or her, or
5		based on information he or she obtained independently,
6		this declaration is warranted under the circumstances.
7	3.	I have consulted concerning this case with an individual
8		qualified to perform a mental status examination.
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11		Signature of Declarant Peace Officer
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14		Date
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17		Signature of Concurring Adult Protective Services
18		Supervisor

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- 2955. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit or restrict from guardian undertaking public anv proceeding authorized by law.
- 2. Section 15610.30 of SEC. the Welfare and 24 Institutions Code is amended to read:
 - 15610.30. (a) "Financial abuse" means a situation in which one or both of the following apply:
- (1) A person, including, but not limited to, one who 28 has the care or custody of, or who stands in a position of trust to, an elder or a dependent adult, takes, secretes, or appropriates their money or property, to any wrongful use, or with the intent to defraud.
 - (2) A situation in which all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (A) An elder (who would be a dependent adult if he 35 or she were between the ages of 18 and 64 years) or 36 dependent adult or his or her representative requests 37 that a third party transfer to the elder or dependent adult or to his or her representative, or to a court appointed receiver, property that meets all of the following criteria:
 - (i) The third party holds or has control of the property.

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(ii) The property belongs to, or is held in express trust, constructive trust or resulting trust for, the elder or dependent adult.

- (iii) The ownership or control of the property was 5 acquired in whole or in part by the third party or someone acting in concert with the third party from the elder or dependent adult at a time when the elder or dependent adult was a dependent adult or was a person who would have been a dependent adult if he or she had then been 10 between the ages of 18 and 64 years.
- (B) Despite the request for the transfer of property, 12 the third party without good cause either continues to hold the property or fails to take reasonable steps to make 14 the property readily available to the elder or dependent adult, to his or her representative or to a court appointed 16 receiver.
- (C) The third party committed acts described in this 18 paragraph in bad faith. A third party shall be deemed to have acted in bad faith if the third party either knew or 20 should have known that the elder or dependent adult had 21 the right to have the property transferred or made 22 readily available. For purposes of this subdivision, a third party should have known of this right if, on the basis of the 24 information received by the third party, it is obvious to a reasonable person that the elder or dependent adult had this right.
- (b) For the purpose of this section, the term "third 28 party" means a person who holds or has control of property that belongs to or is held in express trust, 30 constructive trust or resulting trust for an elder or dependent adult.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, the "representative" means an elder or dependent adult's 34 conservator of the estate, or attorney-in-fact acting within the authority of the power of attorney.
- SEC. 3. If both this bill and AB 2107 are enacted and 36 37 both bills amend Section 15610.30 of the Welfare and 38 Institutions Code, the amendment to Section 15610.30 made by AB 2107 shall prevail over the amendment to

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that section made by this act, whether AB 2107 is enacted prior to, or subsequent to, the enactment of this act.

3 SEC. 4. The provisions of this act are severable. If any 4 provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that 5 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications 6 that can be given effect without the invalid provision or 7 application.